



1406

First Semester 3 Year LL.B. Examination, Jan./Feb. 2026 (Odd Sem.)  
ENGLISH  
(Compulsory For Those Who Answer Examinations in Kannada)

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

- Instructions :
1. Answer Q. No. 9 and any 5 of the remaining questions.
  2. Q. No. 9 carries 20 marks and the remaining questions carry 16 marks each.
  3. Answers should be written neatly in English.

- Q. No. 1. Why did Gandhi go to England after clearing his matriculation ? Marks : 16
- Q. No. 2. Explain the case of Dada Abdulla Sheth. How does M. K. Gandhi solve it ? Marks : 16
- Q. No. 3. Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper complaining about poor sanitation creating health hazards in your locality. Marks : 16
- Q. No. 4. Answer **any two** of the following : Marks : 2x8=16
- (a) Write a report on terrorism.
  - (b) Refute the statement uniforms suppress individuality.
  - (c) Write a paragraph on technology.
- Q. No. 5. Draft a model affidavit for change of name after marriage. Marks : 16
- Q. No. 6. Frame sentences of the following legal words to bring out their meaning. Marks : 2x8=16
- 1) Arrest
  - 2) Contract
  - 3) Will
  - 4) Defamation
  - 5) Judgment
  - 6) Litigation
  - 7) Arbitration
  - 8) Verdict
- Q. No. 7. i) Use the correct forms choosing from the brackets. Marks : 16
- 1) She is \_\_\_\_\_ (eligible, illegible) for the post.
  - 2) I believe in \_\_\_\_\_ (destination, destiny).
  - 3) Each of these producers \_\_\_\_\_ (has, have) his own production house.

P.T.O.



- 4) The furniture in her house \_\_\_\_\_ (look, looks) impressive.
- 5) The jury \_\_\_\_\_ (has, have) given the verdict.
- 6) Penguins have webbed \_\_\_\_\_ (feet, feet) for swimming.
- 7) After the flu, Roopa felt very \_\_\_\_\_ (week, weak).
- 8) The \_\_\_\_\_ (weather, whether) has been really unpredictable lately.

ii) Add question tags for the following :

- 9) The bottle is not closed, \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 10) He has read the book, \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 11) You had met her before, \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 12) She didn't call you, \_\_\_\_\_ ?

iii) Correct the error in the following sentences.

- 13) Her hairs are black.
- 14) One of my friends like to cook Italian food.
- 15) Me and him are going to start a business.
- 16) She left her bag here, isn't she ?

Q. No. 8. Answer **any two** of the following :

Marks : 2x8=16

A) Change the voice of the following :

- 1) We can repair your clock.
- 2) Why was such a letter written by you ?
- 3) The mother is cooking food.
- 4) She has sung the patriotic song.
- 5) The building was damaged by the fire.
- 6) Do it.
- 7) This book was given to me by Ashwin.
- 8) He makes kites.

B) Frame sentences using the following idioms.

- 1) At sixes and sevens
- 2) As a matter of fact
- 3) Caught red handed



- 4) Turn a new leaf
- 5) Cast a spell
- 6) Every now and then
- 7) Part and parcel
- 8) Nip in the bud.

C) Change into indirect speech.

- 1) The manager said, "I am busy now."
- 2) They said, "We are visiting our parents."
- 3) "I love playing chess." said Gokul.
- 4) Aman said, "What a victory it is!"
- 5) He said that he felt much better that day.
- 6) The girl said that she liked cricket.
- 7) She said, "I have been waiting for an hour."
- 8) He asked me, "Did you go there?"

Q. No. 9. Answer **any two** of the following :

Marks : 2×10=20

A) i) Fill in the blanks with articles and prepositions.

- 1) France is \_\_\_\_\_ European country.
- 2) \_\_\_\_\_ chairs are all broken.
- 3) There is \_\_\_\_\_ flower-pot on the table.
- 4) The bridge stretches \_\_\_\_\_ the river.
- 5) They built bridge \_\_\_\_\_ the river.

ii) Rewrite as directed.

- 1) He is a thief. He is a madman. (Use 'or')
- 2) She told a story but it was fretful. (Change into complex)
- 3) She heard the news and fainted. (Change into simple)
- 4) Priya dances well. (Change into interrogative sentence)
- 5) He went to the railway station, the train left. (Use No sooner .... than)

B) Write an essay on mental health and technology.



C) Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

The traditional belief that a woman's place is in the home and that a woman ought not to go out to work can hardly be reasonably maintained in present conditions. It is said that it is a woman's task to care for the children, but families today tend to be small with a difference of a year or two between children. Thus a woman's whole period of child-bearing may occur within five years. Furthermore, with compulsory education from the age of five or six, her role as chief educator of her children soon ceases. Thus, even if we agree that a woman should stay at home to look after her children before they are of school age, for many women this period would extend only for about ten years.

It might be argued that the house-proud woman would still find plenty to do about the home. That may be so, but it is certainly no longer necessary for a woman to spend her whole life cooking, cleaning, mending and sewing. Washing machines take the drudgery out of laundry, the latest models being entirely automatic and able to wash and dry a large quantity of clothes in a few minutes. Refrigerators have made it possible to store food for long periods and many pre-cooked food are obtainable in tins. Shopping, instead of being a daily task, can be completed in one day a week. The new man-made fibres are more hard-wearing than natural fibres and greatly reduce mending, while good ready-made clothes are cheap and plentiful.

Apart from women's own happiness, the needs of the community must be considered. Modern society cannot do well without the contribution that women can make in various field they can work. As many factories and shops have largely been staffed by women, industry and trade would be seriously short of staff if married women did not work.

Married women should have some occupation outside the home. However, there are serious objections. Schools do not keep children occupied the whole day and school holidays are long. There will be therefore a period when children are unsupervised, unless a substitute for the mother is available. What we can be certain of, however, is that many women do successfully combine a career with running a home and that many more will continue to do so.

Questions :

- 1) What was the traditional belief about the nature of work of women ?
  - 2) What does the author suggest women to substitute their daily chores with ?
  - 3) What would happen if all married women stayed at home ?
  - 4) Why do women need to combine a career with running a home duty ?
  - 5) Suggest a suitable little to the passage.
-



1406

**First Semester 3 Year LL.B. Examination,  
January/February 2025 (Odd Sem.)  
ENGLISH**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

- Instructions :**
- i. Answer Q. No. 9 and any 5 of the remaining questions.
  - ii. Q. No. 9 carries 20 marks and the remaining questions carry 16 marks each.
  - iii. Answers should be written neatly in English.

- Q. No. 1. How does M.K. Gandhi prepare for the study of law ? Marks : 16
- Q. No. 2. Explain the Dada Abdulla's case. Marks : 16
- Q. No. 3. Write a letter to the editor of Times of India regarding the bad road conditions causing frequent accidents. Marks : 16
- Q. No. 4. Answer **any two** of the following : Marks : 2×8=16
- (a) Write a report on fatal car accident on Highway.
  - (b) Refute the statement war brings peace.
  - (c) Write a paragraph on child labour.
- Q. No. 5. Draft a legal notice from a landlord to a tenant for arrears of rent, and termination of tenancy. Marks : 16
- Q. No. 6. Frame sentences of the following legal words to bring out their meaning. Marks : 2×8=16
- 1) Adjourn
  - 2) Consent
  - 3) Fraud
  - 4) Judgment
  - 5) Minor
  - 6) Partition
  - 7) Trial
  - 8) Witness.

P.T.O.



Q. No. 7. i) Use the correct forms choosing from the brackets.

Marks : 16

- 1) The tenant must \_\_\_\_\_ (paid, pay) the rent every month.
- 2) The Teacher \_\_\_\_\_ (gives, giving) the students a lot of homework.
- 3) The company \_\_\_\_\_ (have, has) been operating for over 5 years.
- 4) The new employee \_\_\_\_\_ (is, are) very friendly.
- 5) He \_\_\_\_\_ (lose, lost) his bag.
- 6) The park is \_\_\_\_\_ (beside, besides)
- 7) The woman gave \_\_\_\_\_ (birth, berth) to a baby girl.
- 8) Wheat is the \_\_\_\_\_ (principle, principal) crop of India.

ii) Add question tags for the following :

- 9) Kiran is my brother, \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 10) You didn't think to stay, \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 11) It has been a long day, \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 12) Peacocks can fly, \_\_\_\_\_ ?

iii) Correct the error in the following sentences.

- 13) I go to the movie.
- 14) I was study english for three years.
- 15) He was make a mistake on the test.
- 16) He make a lot of money last year.

Q. No. 8. Answer any two of the following :

Marks : 2x8=16

i) Change the voice of the following :

- 1) I am eating rice.
- 2) The policeman caught the thief.
- 3) I shall do the work.
- 4) Our team might win the match.
- 5) The servant stole my watch.
- 6) Why did you give a rude reply ?
- 7) He teaches us Constitution.
- 8) Close the door.



- ii) Frame sentences using the following idioms.
- 1) Bone of contention
  - 2) Fight tooth and nail
  - 3) Get off scot free
  - 4) Keep in the dark
  - 5) Move heaven and earth
  - 6) Stand in one's way
  - 7) To the letter
  - 8) Yoeman's service.
- iii) Change into indirect speech.
- 1) The teacher said, "The earth is round."
  - 2) Ketan said, "I was playing hockey."
  - 3) John said, "I will go to Delhi next year?"
  - 4) He said, "I shall return on Friday."
  - 5) He said, "How horrible a snake!"
  - 6) He said, "Who was the first Prime Minister of India?"
  - 7) The old man said, "I have lost my bag."
  - 8) He said, "Have you been to Delhi?"

Q. No. 9. Answer **any two** of the following :

Marks : 2×10=20

- A) i) Fill in the blanks with Articles and prepositions.
- 1) Ram opened \_\_\_\_\_ door.
  - 2) Rohan is eating \_\_\_\_\_ apple.
  - 3) He told me \_\_\_\_\_ story.
  - 4) I want \_\_\_\_\_ buy vegetables.
  - 5) Don't sit \_\_\_\_\_ the fence.
- ii) Rewrite as directed.
- 1) They went to Chennai.  
(Change into a negative sentence)
  - 2) Gita is not coming today.  
(Change into Affirmative sentence)
  - 3) He is honest and efficient.  
(Use Not only . . . . but also)
  - 4) He saw the policeman, he began to run.  
(Use No sooner . . . than)
  - 5) He lost his ticket as well as luggage.  
(Use both . . . . and)



- (B) Write an essay on students role in Politics.
- (C) Read the following passage and answer the questions given below.

Principle of Natural Justice is derived from the word '*Jus Natural*' of the Roman law and it is closely related to Common law and moral principles but is not codified. It is a law of nature which is not derived from any statute or constitution. The principle of Natural Justice is adhered to by all the citizens of civilised State with Supreme importance. Natural justice simply means to make a sensible and reasonable decision making procedure on a particular issue. Sometimes, it doesn't matter what is the reasonable decision but in the end, what matters is the procedure and who all are engaged in taking the reasonable decision. It is not restricted within the concept of 'fairness' it has different colours and shades which vary from the context. Basically, natural justice consists of 3 rules.

The first one is "*Hearing rule*" which states that the person or party who is affected by the decision made by the Panel of expert members should be given a fair opportunity to express his point of view to defend himself. Secondly, "*Bias rule*" generally expresses that Panel of expert should be free from bias while taking the decision. The decision should be given in a free and fair manner which can fulfil the rule of natural justice. And thirdly, "*Reasoned Decision*" which states that order, decision or judgement of the Court given by the Presiding authorities with a valid and reasonable ground. The principles of Natural Justice have been adopted and followed by the judiciary to protect public rights against the arbitrary decision by the administrative authority. One can easily see that the rule of natural justice include the concept of fairness: they stay alive and support to safeguard the fair dealing.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) How did the term natural justice evolve ?                       | 2 |
| 2) Explain the basic rules of natural justice.                     | 3 |
| 3) Why is the principle of Natural justice adopted by the Courts ? | 2 |
| 4) What does the concept of fairness imply ?                       | 2 |
| 5) Give a suitable title for the passage.                          | 1 |
-